

THE DAILY HERALD.

Salt Lake City, - Utah

FRIDAY, - - - January 27, 1888

SALT LAKE MARKET.

Furnished daily by McCormick & Co., Bankers

SALT LAKE CITY, JANUARY 27, 1888.

SILVER.

In New York..... 90% per oz

In Salt Lake..... 90% per oz

In London..... 44% per oz

LEAD.

In New York..... \$4.80 per 100lb

In Salt Lake..... \$2.00 per ton

ARRIVAL AND CLOSING OF MAILS

Salt Lake City, December 1, 1887.

Arrive	Leave
11:30 a.m.	Eastern, via U.C. & P.
1:30 p.m.	via D. & R. G.
7:45 a.m.	via D. & R. G.
5:45 p.m.	via D. & R. G.
10:40 a.m.	Western " "
	via U.C. & P.
	Ogden " "
11:30 a.m.	All north and northwest of Ogden, Montana, Idaho and Park City.
11:30 a.m.	South " "
10:40 p.m.	South " "
6:40 p.m.	Aids and Wasatch " "
4:30 p.m.	Kingham and W. Jordan " "
4:30 p.m.	Utah County " "
	Through pouch for Jordan " "
	via U.C. & P.
	7:30 a.m.

Closed pouch for Frisco and Milford, all points south of Milford three times a week.

Through pouch from Denver, C. R. BARRATT, Postmaster

LOCAL BRIEFS.

MR. AND MRS. J. P. BEANS—daughter; January 25th.

T. R. JONES & Co. received, yesterday; Germania bullion, \$1,878.35.

McCormick & Co., yesterday, received; Hanauer bullion, \$2,000.

MIKE FLEMING was run in by the police yesterday afternoon for vagrancy and drunkenness.

In the suit of W. J. Barker vs. Joseph Boynton; judgment was rendered in favor of the plaintiff for \$150, on default of defendant.

PERSONAL.

W. H. SMITH, of Tinico, is at the Walker.

R. OLAWSON, of Ephraim, is registered at the Callen.

D. C. PAGE, of Kansas, was seen in town yesterday.

GEORGE SPIES, of Toledo, was a visitor to Salt Lake on Friday.

THOMAS E. MARRIOTT, of Sandy, came up to the metropolis on Friday.

W. H. TORRENCE, acting manager of the Redmond-Barry Company, which plays here at the theatre on February 3d and 4th, is in the city.

DANIEL J. WATKINS, of Ghman, Illinois, is visiting our city and is a guest at the Spencer House. We understand Mr. Watkins is a heavy dealer in grain in his section.

Delicious Warm Beverages.

These decoctions served to the thirsty and cold at the Occidental are delicious, pure and superior. First-class wines, liquors, beers, ales and cigars. Family supplies a specialty.

A. R. & MURPHY, Proprietors.

Rich Upholstered Chairs at Dinwoodey's.

Door Mats and Matting, big stock at Dinwoodey's.

Notice.

Any person willing to subscribe to the Orphans' Home and Day Nursery funds, from 25 cents upward per month, will please send their name, with the amount, to Mrs. H. SIEGEL.

Wake Up!

The cheapest and best place in Salt Lake City to buy your groceries is at No. 29 E. Second South Street—imported fish a specialty.

J. A. PERSEN, Agent.

Take Notice

Great reduction in emigrant fares from Europe. For further information inquire at No. 29 E. Second South Street, Salt Lake City. J. A. PERSEN, Agent.

Four Carloads of Christmas Goods just arrived at Barratt Bros.—simple and fancy—and in the latest styles. Must be sold this week. Excellent holiday presents.

THE TRANSFER BUSINESS.

Grant Bros. have now received their elegant new omnibuses and are prepared to do a prompt and rapid transfer business to and from the railroad depots of this city. The attention of tourists is specially called to their unequalled facilities for filling orders for carriages, buggies and riding horses. Omnibuses call at all hotels prior to the departure of trains.

THE GRANT BROS. CO.

Fox & Symons

Have reduced the price of photographs. All work done by the dry-plate instantaneous process.

Our Produce Report.

A produce report will hereafter appear in THE HERALD, daily, semi, and weekly, corrected by Sears & Liddle, First South Street. They will pay the price quoted if they are buying the article at all.

Happiness and Health

Are important problems, the former depending greatly on the latter. Every one is familiar with the healthy properties of fruit, and no one can afford to be sick and miserable while the pleasant California concentrated liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, may be had of our enterprising druggists, A. C. Smith & Co.

University of Deseret.

The third term and second semester of the present academic year of the University will begin Monday, January 30th, inst.

Beginning classes will be organized in many studies of the term and semester.

J. R. PARK, President.

AT THE ASYLUM.

The Visit of the Legislature Yesterday.

A THOROUGH INSPECTION.

Judge Dusenberry's Explanations and Appeal to the Members—Notes by the Way.

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning, the scene around the Utah Central Depot was one of unusual activity, the occasion being the assembling of the Legislative Assembly and their friends, in response to the invitation from the President of the Territorial Asylum. The morning was not a very bright one, and there was some good-natured badinage between the members of the two bodies, the Representatives not having quite forgiven the Councilors for their stubbornness in insisting on getting up "in the middle of the night" to attend what was generally looked upon as a pleasure trip. Contrary to general expectation, Governor West was absent. Nearly all the Legislators, however, were in sight and the presence of several ladies prevented the excursion from being a "stag party." As these ladies, however, were not opolized by the County Prosecuting Attorney, the Sheriff and the Probate Judge, the remaining members of the territorial sex could only look on with envy. Among those who occupied the sterner cars kindly placed at the disposal of the solons, were Speaker Riter, President Smith, Judge Carlton, Sheriff Burt, Marshal Solomon, J. H. Moyle and wife, Mrs. Sheets, Miss Weiler, Miss Bolto, Miss Woolley, John Boyden, John M. Young, William Creer, A. O. Smoot, W. C. A. Smoot, W. H. King, E. D. Hoge, P. T. Farnsworth, W. A. C. Bryan, C. C. Richards, Joseph A. West, Joseph Howell, L. W. Shurtliff, E. A. Kimball, A. H. Lund, W. H. Seemiller, L. S. Wood, E. G. Woolley, Chaplain Shaw, Chaplain Wright, J. E. Carlisle, E. M. Weller, C. F. Allen, Nataniel Montgomery, F. F. Rueche, George M. Spencer, Abram Hatch, W. L. Stewart, R. L. Cummings, H. D. Johnson, E. H. Jones, R. W. Heyborne, J. P. Wimmer, L. J. Nuttall, R. Kletting, Frank Cannon, J. B. Milner, J. V. Bluth, V. L. Halliday, HERALD and Tribune representatives, and a few others.

The regular Utah Central train had been held forty minutes for the convenience of the guests, but the engineer had orders to reach Provo on time, and he did so—making one of the fastest runs known between Salt Lake and the Garden City. Preparations had been made by the Provo officials to meet the visitors at the depot, and formally welcome them to the city, but on the arrival of the depot was a howling wilderness. Realizing the cause of the absence of the good people of Provo, however, the visitors took up their march towards town, and were soon met by Mayor Dusenberry, Judge Dusenberry, Sheriff Turner and others, who were very much chagrined at the turn affairs had taken. The profuse apologies were good-naturedly accepted, and in a few minutes after the court house was reached, the visitors were assigned places in the vehicles provided, and a short time later were landed.

AT THE ASYLUM.

Here they were most courteously received by the committee of ladies in charge, and after an inspection of the plans for the proposed addition, the Legislators and such others as desired, were shown through the building. There the greatest satisfaction was expressed by all at the neatness and order prevailing, notwithstanding the over-crowded condition. Later on the members, at the request of Judge Dusenberry, gathered on the hillside in the rear of the present buildings, and that gentleman, in a few words, pointed out the site for the proposed addition, which would consist, he said, of the main building immediately on the north, and a wing exactly similar to the one now occupied. He illustrated the great necessity for an appropriation necessary to erect such buildings, and in answer to the queries of some of the members, who seemed to favor the erection of a portion of the buildings now asked for and a portion at a later period, said that much money would be saved by contracting for the whole at once—money enough, Architect Kletting had figured, to pay interest on the amount needed. The kitchen, he said, was now located in the basement, and it was a most unsatisfactory situation. Besides this, more room was needed, and as the members who had been through the building had doubtless seen—badly needed. It was a matter of necessity, if good results were to be obtained, that the different classes of patients should be kept separate from each other—the unfortunate who, from some cause not his own, had become the ward of the Territory, and whose malady was of a mild type, should not be compelled to associate with the vicious and the vile. It was also imperative that the medical superintendent, or the physician in charge, should be a resident within the building, if good results were to be obtained. As it now is, every part is crowded beyond its capacity, even the attendants not being provided with proper quarters. Mr. Dunn also made some remarks corroborative of those given above, and in response to questions asked by Mr. Hoge, Mr. Allen and others, the Judge said they now owned thirty-six acres of land, including a portion of the hillside; of these, however, not over ten acres were arable, or fit for cultivation—the remainder was devoted to the buildings, lawns, and as a recreation ground for the inmates. Asked as to the amount actually needed, the Judge replied \$180,000, and after a few more questions had been put and answered, the

CLANGING OF THE LUNCH BELL

drove business to the four winds, and the visitors filed down from the hillside and into the basement, where half a dozen tables were displayed, temptingly arranged with delicacies and substantial. To attend on the wants of the guests were Mrs. W. H. Dusenberry, Mrs. W. N. Dusenberry, Mrs. W. G. A. Smoot, Mrs. V. L. Halliday, Miss Ida Smoot, Miss Blanche Dusenberry, Miss Ella Smoot, and Miss Hattenbrink.

THE PULL TAX.

An Argument Against Its Continuance.

To the Editor of THE HERALD.

Shall we be considered as trenching upon vested rights, in any degree whatever, by speaking against an antiquated and now long since unnecessary institution, commonly designated the pull tax?

Be that as it may, now that our wise men from all parts of our beloved land are assembled (for the purpose of passing new laws, patching up, remodeling and abolishing old laws, we propose to invoke your judicial aid towards the repeal of the aforesaid iniquitous tax. Without doubt there has been a time in our Territory, in common with the other newly-settled countries in the Union, when there was full justification for this kind of tax, there being scarcely any personal property or real estate from which the necessary revenue for the working of roads, building of bridges, roads, etc.,—so costly in new countries—could be collected. Quite a proportion of the inhabitants were transient, "Here now, but where next year, no tongue could tell." How circumstances are greatly changed. Very few of our population comparatively are transient. The victory achieved by our people over the many obstacles in their progress has made our country such that, come who may—Mormon, Jew, Gentile or infidel—they all find this a splendid place to settle in and buy property. We are by no means a moving population in that sense. We are here to stay and build up ourselves first and incidentally the community we live with.

This being true, we ask, why impose upon us conditions, the necessity of which has long since passed?

That it is not just and equal taxation needs no argument from any source. It is at once, and no more nor less, unequal taxation. It is an easy law for the rich and a desperately hard one for the poor.

We know of men who do not own an animal of any kind on earth. They do not wear out our roads much. In fact, grass would grow rank high upon the road for what they would wear out, so little do they travel. Yet they have to pay their \$3 per annum per capita for the making and maintenance of our roads. Other men whom we know are comparatively rich. They have cattle upon a thousand hills, wagons and teams in great numbers, etc., etc. By virtue of the charity of this poll tax law many of these men are exempt from payment of this tax. They go scot-free of all expense for keeping up roads, etc., except the portion they pay by way of property tax to cover county appropriations, and, of course, the poor man pays his share of this upon the basis of property he possesses the same as the rich man does.

Now we move that the Legislature of the Territory of Utah, now in session, immediately repeal the poll tax, and in the stead, enact that the roads shall be built, maintained and kept in repair by a property tax, as all other public benefits are sustained.

This would certainly have the credit of appearing more just and uniform. Many are the evils attending poll tax labor. It is nominally \$3 per day, but in its enforcement considerable conscienceless work is performed. Any man can perform poll tax service, whether he be crippled, lame, or anything else. The sooner and easier the work is done, the better the workers have not working in a just cause, and there is little or no credit or encouragement for honest payment, because the tax is partial, and therefore dishonest. We say let our property, especially our possessions in horses and cattle, which break up the roads, pay for the repair thereof, and then the work of making and repairing our roads should be done, like every other work, by the man or men who would do it best and cheapest for cash. If this plan were adopted, we think the taxation for roads, etc., would be reduced at least by one-half of their present nominal cost, and we would, without doubt, we believe, have much better roads than we have, and the rich and the poor would rejoice that the poll tax was among the cast off things of primeval days. So mote it be.

JOSEPH LAWIN.

LAKE TOWN, Rich County, Utah, January 26, 1888.

Pleasant Grove Points.

SHOULD the present fine weather continue a few days, farmers will be able to commence putting in crops.

CHICKEN POX is having a large run on the little ones, with a few measles mixed in.

THE PRESBYTERIAN school of this town has been temporarily closed, on account of one of the school ma'ams being stricken down with measles.

PROVO HOME Dramatic hold forth in Clark's New Opera Hall next Saturday night. "Won at Last" and "Mr. and Mrs. Pettibone" will be presented. The appearance of this troupe will be greeted with a full house, as the inhabitants are hungry for a change in amusements.

THE SCOTCH fraternity at American Fork and vicinity are having a grand time. Chipman's Hall was crowded last night, and the festivities were to be resumed this morning at 10 o'clock. The Young Men's hall at the same place was filled by a jolly crowd of dancers, and it would seem the people in our neighboring burg were "gone" on dancing and such amusements.

PLEASANT GROVE, JANUARY 26, 1888.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CONTINENTAL.

M. P. Dalton, San Francisco; C. E. Anchamp, Utah; A. E. Nelson, Syracuse, N. Y.; T. McDonald and wife, Geo. Sampson and wife, Denver; W. S. Godde, Pioche; Geo. D. Sears, Omaha; T. C. Howard, Ogden; C. H. Fallon, New York; H. H. Day, San Francisco; W. D. Parker, Mrs. K. M. Monroe, St. Louis; W. H. Scott and wife, Ogden; H. Kelson, St. Louis; W. D. Carper, Omaha; Sol. C. Towles, Milwaukee.

WHITE HOUSE.

Mrs. Morton, Park City; J. E. Shettle, Tinico; E. L. Pfeiffer, Colorado; E. E. Allen, Platt City, Mo.; W. Hart, Birmingham; J. Schwartz, Cleveland, O.; B. Reibold, Provo; H. W. Hiddle, San Francisco; J. Duran, Camp Floyd; W. J. Anderson, E. Burrows, Park City; L. E. Fulton, J. Hudson, Kansas City.

FROM OLD MEXICO.

Observations of a Traveler—The Climate, Etc.

After a very pleasant trip from Salt Lake City on the U. & R. C. Railroad, via Pueblo and Denver, we arrived at El Paso, Texas, on the evening of the 18th of December last. From Pueblo we came on the Topeka & Santa Fe. The 19th being Sunday, we crossed the river to Paso Del Norte with our friends, who advised us to make a good start, and attend the grand bull fight, which was attended by an immense crowd from all parts of the adjacent country, as well as from El Paso. You have seen so many accounts of bull fights, and as there was not anybody killed, an account of it would not prove very interesting. The greatest sight to me was the large number assembled near the bull ring who were engaged in every kind of game, I suppose, that was ever known to Mexican wits. There was everything for sale from the best kinds of fruits to "Chile." We took the Mexican Central railroad at 6 p. m., and arrived at Gallegos, 125 miles from El Paso, where we were met by appointment with the stage through the courtesy of Mr. Anastacio Suarez, of El Carmin, we rode in the stage two days looking over the stock range and stock, before we arrived at the Hacienda, an old established place which was settled in the beginning of the seventeenth century. The church was built over 100 years ago, as well as a great many other buildings. A lady died here a few days ago who was 105 years old, which is some proof of a healthy country. After spending fifteen days riding over the Carmin, we took the stage at San Lorenzo for Casas Grandes and Inarey. We stayed a week at the Mormon settlement, with several of our old friends, among them being Edson Whipple, who, although over 80 years old, worked two days here in laying adobe for the school house. The settlers are getting reasonably well fixed. Inarey is a very good place for stock, but there is not a great deal of farming land. We left Inarey on the 8th of January, stayed three days at Casas Grandes, and looked over some of the ancient ruins there. The country is very good for farming. We left Casas Grandes on the 12th, with Brigham Whipple, and traveled over the stock range to Carmin, 100 miles distant. I have not the time to describe the country in detail, but will only say that as far as we have seen, after traveling over 500 miles, that this is a very good stock country, there being an abundance of grass and a mild climate. We the stock do not require feed in the winter. The cost of raising stock in Mexico is small when compared with the cost in Utah, or many of the colder countries of the north. The Mexicans are just now beginning to improve their stock, so I think that we can soon open a good trade in fine blooded cattle, horses, and sheep. As to farming on the rivers Casas, Grande and Galkama, and the Carmin bottoms, there is as good land as I ever saw, and susceptible of raising anything. In this climate all kinds of grain and fruit, except the tropical, are successfully grown.

El Carmin, State of Chihuahua, Mexico, Jan. 20, 1888.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE BOSTON SPECIALTY COMPANY.—There was a fair attendance at the Theatre last night. The lower part of the house was not overcrowded, but the attendance in the circles fully compensated for this. There is little doubt that the company is one of the best of the kind that has ever visited this city. One of the funniest and most original couple were the Fonce-Boni Brothers, in their imitation of the Bells. The illuminating nose of one of the brothers was both singular and unusual. Mons. Le Clair, the French juggler, was one of the best of his kind, but he is not as taking as it has been. Sweeney & Ryland, the Hibernians, though anything but original, kept the house in roars of laughter. The little sketch, "Home Rule," introduced another pleasing feature in the variety performance. The singing was pleasing, and a number of good points were made. Adams, Casey and Howard, while pleasing, were not entirely free from the odor of the chestnut, and Lizzie Daly, as the bills stated, has a most original idea of Gauding. Rezene and Robin, the funny acrobats, jumped into public favor at once, and Holy and Dailey, while sepulchral at times, were very funny at others. The show closed with the appearance of Carl Hertz, whose feats of legerdemain have never been equaled here. The crowning triumph of his performance was the vanishing lady, an entirely new departure in this line of tricks, and as mystifying as it is original. The show goes again to night. WILLIAM TELL.—This piece will be produced on Wednesday for John S. Lindsay's benefit.

REDUCED RATES.

Coal. Coal. Coal.

The following prices on coal will be in effect on and after January 1st, 1888:

Coal Delivered at Yard.

Rock Spring Lump..... 6.00

" Mine Slack..... 4.00

Pleasant Valley Lump..... 6.00

" Mine Slack..... 4.00

Red Canyon Lump..... 5.00

" Mine Slack..... 3.00

Full carload rates for lump coal, delivered, 50 cents per ton less than above delivered rates, and at yard 50 cents per ton less than above yard rates.

Special car load rates to manufacturers and smelters.

All yard slack \$2.00 per ton at yard, and \$2.50 per ton delivered.

Coal Department Union Pacific R'y.

J. J. SENEILL, Agent.

Mark McKimmins' Livery Stable,

Main Street, opposite Postoffice.

"Hello! Well,

"Is this the furniture store?"

"Yes, this is Barratt Bros."

"Send up that Group Suite, No. 9, please. I hear you have beauties in the new Antique Chairs and Parlor Goods."

"So we have, and Furniture for all parts of the house as well, just arrived and still coming. Come down, please, to see our new goods."

Go see Them.

Those lovely chairs at Barratt Bros. are attracting crowds all day. They are beauties and the prices are low.

THE BREDEMAYER TRIAL.

The Evidence all in—The Decision Reserved.

The trial of Dr. Bredemeyer was resumed in the Police Court yesterday morning.

Thomas Adamson, the messenger boy, was the first witness called. He merely testified to having delivered a letter to Mrs. Bredemeyer on Friday, January 20th.

William Bredemeyer, the defendant, then took the stand. He testified that he knew Lewis by sight. The messenger boy brought a letter addressed to his wife on Friday afternoon. He thought it his duty to take notice of it, and went out for the purpose of locating the house designated in the note. He passed along the sidewalk in front of Lewis' house, but did not enter the gate. As he was passing the house some one tapped on the window, and Lewis and his wife appeared at the door; witness then told Lewis that if he wrote another letter to his wife, he would take him to the City Hall, Mrs. Lewis told him to come in and get his baby; witness inquired, what baby? and she answered Mrs. Michael's baby. Witness told her to keep it, and left. The witness said that he had known Mrs. Michael for six years; did not see her at all during 1887, and was not the father of her baby.

This concluded the evidence and the case was argued by C. S. Varian for the defense, and by Barlow Ferguson for the prosecution.

The Court reserved its decision until 2 p. m. to-day.

SUNDRIES FROM SANPETE.

VERY few children go to school on account of sickness.

WHAT is the reason that the granary of Utah can not have a good railroad.

YOUR Mr. HARRINGTON was rustling amongst us last week. He is a hard worker.

THE HERALD is a welcome guest with us. It is, however, two days old now when we get it.

SAMUEL BEST, representing W. V. Morse & Co., Omaha, was visiting the merchants to-day.

MEASLES ALL over the city; hardly a house in which there are not from two to seven sick with them.

THE WEATHER is mild and thawing now. Roads will soon be bad—always something to complain about.

SEVERAL CARLOADS of grain have been in the depot of the S. M. V. R. R. for the last two weeks and cannot be moved.

MRS. OTTERLIN, an old lady, fell and broke her arm a few days ago. Dr. Olson was called, and she is doing well under the circumstances.

THE DENVER & RIO GRANDE railroad is wanted here. People are willing to help it if it will only come here and take our money and grain.

THE Co. of store and Farmer's Exchange are doing good business. The latter is paying 10 cents per bushel for wheat, and \$1.10 for oats per hundred pound, we understand.

NO regular train on the Sanpete Valley Railroad yet—one car of merchandise only for the last two weeks. Mail comes by train from Nephi. Coffee, sugar and other groceries are nearly exhausted in the valley. All coal oil is burned, so darkness will prevail if we don't get some soon. What do you think?

S. P. V.

EPHRAIM CITY, JANUARY 25, 1888.

Sixty-Five Degrees Below.

The recent cold snap has furnished reports from points all over the Territory, as to the phenomenal frigidity of the atmosphere, but the coldest weather yet reported, was at Randolph, Rich County, where on the night of January 14th, the spirit thermometer registered 65 degrees below zero at that place.

An Elegant Substitute

For oils, salts, pills, and all kinds of bitter, nauseous medicine is the very agreeable liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs. Recommended by leading Physicians. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co., Agent, Salt Lake City.

LOOK SHARP!

It is time to begin when your skin breaks out in pimples to use GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE, Black or Brown, 50c.

MELT one ounce of resin in a gill of linseed oil, and while hot mix with two quarts of kerosene oil. This can be kept on hand and applied in a moment with a brush or rag to the metal surface of any tool that is not going to be used for a few days, preventing any rust, and saving much vexation when it is to be used again.

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade as Z. C. M. I. Co.'s Drug Store at their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying. Getting a trial bottle free, large size \$1. Every bottle warranted.

The Babies Cry for It

And the old folks long when they find that the pleasant California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, is more easily taken and more beneficial in its action than bitter, nauseous medicines. It strengthens the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels, while it arouses them to a healthy activity. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co., Druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.